

# **2ND HALF YEARLY MONITORING REPORT**

OF

## INDIAN INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION, PUNE

(MONITORING INSTITUTION)

ON

# MID DAY MEAL SCHEME

# FOR U.T. OF DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI

PERIOD: 1<sup>ST</sup> APRIL, 2011 TO 30<sup>TH</sup> SEPTEMBER, 2011

**DISTRICTS COVERED** 

**1. DADRA AND NAGAR HAVELI** 

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### Acknowledgement

The Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli comprising 72 villages including Silvassa and Amli, the Census Town, forms a single district and single Tashil Union Territory. This report has been prepared for the Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli reporting the progress of Mid-day-Meal programme in U.T. of Dadra Nagar Haveli up to September, 2011 during the year 2011-12. This report has been prepared on the basis of the data collected from 40 schools which have been selected on the basis of criteria given by the Govt. of India.

We are grateful to Shri Sanjay Goyal (IAS), Collector and Chairman of SSA of U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli, Shri K.S. Chandrashekhar, Chief Executive Officer and State Project Director, Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Union Territory of Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Shri. Jayeshbhai Bhandari, District Education Officer (Academic) and many other officials and individuals at the district level who extended immense cooperation in the monitoring work.

Visits to the 40 sample schools in district were well planned and organized. Dr. Satish Patel, Coordinator BRC and respective CRCCs extended great cooperation with respect to the actual visits to the schools. The headmasters and the teachers at village level were very helpful.

We are grateful to the Honorable Chairman and the Honorable Member secretary, BoT, IIE for inspiring us to undertake this study and made valuable suggestions from time to time.

We thank all those who have helped us in this field study directly or indirectly. We are grateful all of them.

Pune 30 October, 2011 B.M. Naikare Nodal Officer of M.I & Coordinator SSA & MDM Monitoring 2<sup>nd</sup> Half Yearly Monitoring Report of INDIAN INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION, PUNE on MDM for U.T. of DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI for the period from 1<sup>st</sup> April, 2011 to 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2011

Sr.No.	Information	Details
1.	Period of the report	1 <sup>st</sup> April, 2011 to30 <sup>th</sup>
		September,2011
2.	No. of Districts allotted	01
3.	District's name	Dadra and Nagar Haveli
4.	Month of visit to the Districts / Schools	(District 1) Dadra and Nagar
		Haveli
		12-20 September 2011
5.	Total number of elementary schools	(District 1) Dadra and Nagar
	(primary and upper primary to be counted	Haveli
	separately) in the Districts covered by MI	Primary- 296
		Upper Primary- 127
6.	Number of elementary schools monitored	(District 1) Dadra and Nagar
		Haveli
		Primary- 25
		Upper Primary- 15
7.	Types of school visited	
a)	Special training centers (Residential)	U.T have not yet started
b)	Special training centers (Non Residential)	U.T have not yet started
c)	Schools in Urban areas	8
d)	School sanctioned with civil works in	0
	current year	
e)	School from NPEGEL Blocks	NPEGEL Programme not
		applicable
f)	Schools having CWSN	10
g)	School covered under CAL programme	05
h)	KGBVs	00
8.	Number of schools visited by Nodal Officer	10
	of the Monitoring Institute	
9.	Whether the draft report has been shared	No
	with the SPO : YES / NO	
i		

**Chapter 1: General Information** 

10.	After submission of the draft report to the	awaited
	SPO whether the MI has received any	
	comments from the SPO: YES / NO	
11.	Before sending the reports to the GOI	No
	whether the MI has shared the report with	
	SPO: YES/NO	

#### **12.** Selection procedure for schools.

As per the Terms of Reference for Monitoring of SSA and MDM Programme by the Monitoring Institutes (2010-12), the following procedure was carried out for the selection of 40 schools in the district.

The U.T. authorities (SPD) were approached by the monitoring institute and they were informed about the monitoring work assigned to the said institute. Similarly, the selection criteria fixed by the SSA and MDM authorities at the national level were communicated to them, along with the monitoring visit plan for the district. The U.T. authorities were requested to instruct the district authorities about the same and also to provide necessary information and arrangements. Accordingly the correspondence and discussion on telephone with DPO has been started. A detailed visit plan along with selection criteria of the schools had been sent well in advance to DPO.

To begin with the monitoring work, a meeting was organized at the district headquarters with the help of the district authorities to select the schools. This meeting was attended by the district authorities, BRC coordinator, CRCCs working at the district and block and field investigators. The objectives of monitoring visit and the selection criteria and tools were discussed. With the help of latest DISE data and HHS data, a list of the schools of the district was prepared by the BRC and CRCCs which fulfilled most of the criteria. The list of 40 schools and visit plan was discussed with the District Education Officer and finalized. Then school visit plan was prepared and followed by the monitoring visit to the urban schools.

At the end of the day, the Nodal Officer and investigators came together to share their experiences and difficulties they had in the process of data collection at the school. From the following day under the guidance and supervision of the Nodal Officer, the process of data collection of 40 schools regarding SSA and MDM was completed. From the following day under the guidance and supervision of the Nodal Officer, the process of data collection of 40 schools regarding SSA and MDM was completed.

#### 13. Selection Criteria for Schools

As suggested in the ToR the selection of 40 schools to be visited was made on the basis of the given criteria.

- (a) Higher gender gap in enrolment
- (b) Higher proportion of SC/ST students
- (c) Low retention and higher dropout rate
- (d) The school has a minimum of three CWSN
- (e) The habitation where the school is located at has sizeable number of out of school children
- (f) The habitations where the school is located at witnesses in-bound and outbound seasonal migration
- (g) The ward/ unit of planning where the school is located at is known to have sizeable number of urban deprived children
- (h) The school is located in a forest or far flung area
- The habitation where the school is located at witnesses recurrent floods or some other natural calamity
- (j) School covered under CAL Programme
- (k) School sanctioned with civil works in current year.
- (I) School from NPEGEL blocks.
- (m) KGBV

## Chapter 2

## **District Summary of the School Report of MDM**

### A. At school level

1.	REGULARITY IN SERVING MEAL:
	All schools (100%) were daily serving hot cooked meal. No interruption of any
	type in any school was noticed.
2.	TRENDS:
	All children enrolled in the school were opted for the Mid-day Meal. No extent of
	variation was noticed between the numbers of children availing Mid-day Meal as
	per MDM register and actual number of children availed MDM on the day of visit.
3.	REGULARITY IN DELIVERING FOOD GRAINS TO SCHOOL LEVEL:
	All schools (100%) have received food grains regularly. The buffer stock of one
	month was maintained in 21 schools (52.5%). The quantity of food grains being
	supplied was as per the marked weight in all schools (100%). The food grains
	were delivered at the door step in 23 schools (57.5%). The quality of food grain
	was found to be good in all schools.
4.	REGULARITY IN DELIVERING COOKING COST TO SCHOOL LEVEL:
	None of the schools had received cooking cost in advance. It was received after a
	gap of 3/4 months.
5.	SOCIAL EQUITY:
	No discrimination of any kind was observed in any school. In all schools, the Mid-
	day Meal is being served by the cook and the helper. The children sit or stood in
	queue, take meal and then sit in a row at school verandah. They recited a prayer
	and took the meal.
6.	VARIETY OF MENU:
	In 28 schools (70%), a weekly menu was displayed at a place easily noticeable to
	community.
7.	VARIETY OF FOOD:
	In all schools (100%) variety in the food preparation as given in the prescribed
	menu such as rice, dal and vegetables or khichadi were found. Seasonal green
	vegetables were found to be used in Mid-day Meal.
	OUALTTY & OLIANTITY OF MEAL .
8.	QUALITY & QUANTITY OF MEAL :
8.	In all schools (100%) quality of food was found to be good. In all schools (100%)

	schools (100%) the children were happy with what they were being served in their
	mid-day meal.
9.	SUPPLEMENTARY:
	All schools (100%) had maintained a Health Card for each child. Health check up
	was found to be conducted annually in all schools. Micronutrients and deworming
	medicines were given to all needy children. These medicines were annually given
	in all schools.
10.	STATUS OF COOKS:
	In all schools, a cook and helper appointed by the District Panchayat used to cook
	and serve the meals. U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli had appointed one cook, one
	helper and one water boy on daily wages in all schools. Most of them were from
	ST community. The norms laid down by the Govt. of India are almost fulfilled. The
	U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli has appointed one sweeper in each school for
	cleaning the toilets, classrooms and school premises which is an exemplary
	practice started by the UT. However the payment given to the cooks and helpers
	was found to be irregular.
11.	INFRASTRUCTURE:
	None of the schools visited have a separate Pucca Kitchen shed.
12.	PUCCA KITCHEN:
	Where the kitchen shed was not available, the food was cooked in the school
	verandah in 8 schools (20%), unutilized spare classroom in 20 schools (50%),
	vacant teachers' quarters in 4 schools, $(10\%)$ , open yard in 7 schools $(17.5\%)$ and
	H.M. office in 1 school (P.S. Dapsa). The food grains were stored in classroom in
	21 schools (52.5%), Headmaster's office in 6 schools (15%), vacant teachers'
	quarter in 4 schools (10%) and there was a separate store room in 9 schools
	(22.5%).
13.	POTABLE WATER:
	All schools had potable water for cooking and drinking.
14.	UTENSILS:
	All schools had adequate utensils for cooking. It was found that the administration
	of U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli had provided plates for all children which is an
	exemplary practice.
15.	FUEL:

16.	SAFETY & HYGIENE:
	Out of 40 schools, in 19 schools (47.5%) general impression of environment and
	hygiene was good and in 20 schools (50%) it was fair. In most of the schools
	(90%) the food is prepared in spare classroom in school and verandah of the
	school or open yard. Safety measures needs to be taken care of
17.	COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS*:
	The VECs/PTAs/MTAs were supervising and monitoring the Mid day Meal
	programme. But the frequency of such supervision and monitoring was found to
	be inadequate. The overall participation or contribution made by parents, VECs,
	Panchayat and urban bodies in improving the quality of the meal was found to be
	poor in all schools. Very few parents/ community members found to be aware
	about the quantity of MDM per child at primary and upper primary level. They
	were also not fully aware about the entitlement of quantity and type of nutrients in
	MDM per child. Orientation of community in regard to MDM is necessary and the
	roster to be maintained by the community members for supervision of MDM.
18.	INSPECTION & SUPERVISION
	In all schools the Mid-day Meal programme was inspected regularly either by the
	teachers or headmasters. It was also inspected once in a month by the cluster
	level officials.
19.	IMPACT
	It was reported that in 38 schools the Mid-day Meal programme had helped to
	improve enrollment and attendance of children. The children's well-being was also
	improved.

### HALF YEARLY MONITROING REPORT OF MDM

### For District 1: U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli

(i)	Period of the Report	01-04-2011 to 30-09-2011
(ii)	Date of visit to the District/Schools	12-09-2011 to 20-09-2011.

### At school Level

	REGULARITY IN SERVING MEAL:									
	Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was									
	interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same?									
	durin Thou exam	g 12-2 gh we iined si	20 September 201 had visited the	1. All s	schools we in Septe	ere daily servir mber 2011, t	of India were visited ng hot cooked meal. he MDM record was 2011. No interruption			
			gularity in serving m	eal						
	Resp Yes	oonse	No. of schools 40	<b>%</b> 100						
	No		00	00						
2.	TRE	NDS:								
	Exte	nt of v	variation (As per	schoo	l records	vis-à-vis actı	ual position/status			
	Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis actual position/status on the day of visit)									
			•							
	Sr	Detail	S		Boys	Girls	Total			
	No									
	-	E.e.e.ll			4507	4400	0000			
	1.	Enroll	ment		4597	4492	9089			
	1. 2.	No	ment of children opte ay-Meal	d for	4597 4597	4492 4492	9089 9089			
		No Mid-d No.	of children opte							
	2.	No Mid-d No. o Schoo	of children opte ay-Meal of children attendir	ng the	4597	4492	9089			
	2.	No Mid-d No. o schoo No. o Per M No. o	of children opte ay-Meal of children attendir I on the day of visit f children availing M	ng the 1DM as	4597 3941	4492 3831	9089 7772			

	register and	l actual numbe	r of chile	dren availed Mid-day-Meal on the day of visit.		
	85.51 percent of children had taken MDM on the day of visit and 86.82 percent of					
	children had taken MDM on the previous day.					
3.	REGULARITY IN DELIVERING FOOD GRAINS TO SCHOOL LEVEL:					
	(i) Is scho	ool/implemen	ting age	ency receiving food grains regularly? If		
	there is de	lay in deliveri	ng food	grains, what is the extent of delay and		
	reasons fo	r the same?				
	All schools (	100%) received	l food gr	ains regularly.		
		ay in receiving fo	od grains			
		No. of schools	%			
	Yes	00	00			
	No	40	100			
	(ii) Is buf	fer stock of o	ne-mon	th's requirement maintained?		
				-		
				k of one month was maintained in 21 schools		
	. ,	o buffer stock	of one	month was found in remaining 19 schools		
	(47.5%).					
	Table.3.2 Buf	fer stock mainter	nance			
	Response	No. of schools	%			
	Yes	21	52.5			
	No	19	47.5			
	(iii) Is the	e quantity of f	ood gra	in supplied was as per the		
		dicated weigh	_			
	It was repo	orted that the c	juantity	of food grains being supplied was as per the		
		eight in all schoo				
	(iv) Is the	e food grain d	elivered	at the school?		
			-	ins were delivered at the door in 23 schools		
		-		re not delivered at the school in 17 schools		
				approach road to transport.		
	(v) Is the quality of food grain good?					
	The quality of food grain was found to be good in all schools.					
1						

4.	REGULARITY IN DELIVERING COOKING COST TO SCHOOL LEVEL:								
	(i) Is school/implementing agency receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? If there is delay in delivering cooking cost, what is the extent					dvance			
						the extent			
	of delay and	of delay and reasons for it?							
	None of the s	schools had re	ceived	cooking	cost ir	n advance.	It was rece	eived after a	
	gap of 2/3 m	nonths. All sch	ools re	ported	that th	ough the	bills were s	submitted in	
	time but due	to administrati	ive proc	edure i	t was d	elayed.			
	Table.4.1. Delay in receiving cooking cost in advanceResponseNo. of schools%Yes40100								
	No	00	00						
	(ii) In case	of delay, ho	w scho	ool/im	plemei	nting age	ncy manag	jes to	
	ensure that	there is no d	lisrupti	ion in t	he fee	ding prog	jramme?		
	The school he	ead master wa	s purch	asing th	nings lik	ke vegetab	les from his	own pocket	
	or on credit	from local sh	opkeep	er and	ensur	ed the co	ntinuity of	the feeding	
	programme.								
	(iii) Is cool	king cost pai	d by Ca	ash or	throug	jh bankin	g channel?	?	
	In all schools	(100%) cookii	na cost	was pa	id by c	ash.			
		(10070) 000141	.9 0000	nuo pu					
	-	nent of cooking			-				
	Mode of payn		schools 10	<b>%</b>					
	Bank		0	00	_				
5.	SOCIAL EQ	UITY:							
	i) Did vou o	bserve any g	ender	or cast	e or co	ommunity	discrimin	ation in	
		serving or sea				-			
	No discrimina	tion of any kin	d was d	observe	d in an	y school. M	lost of the c	hildren and	
	cooks and he	lpers were from	n S.T c	ommun	ity. Thi	s could be	the reason	that we did	
		ny discriminat							
		al Equity: Discri		n observ	ed				
		No of schools	Yes	%	No	%			
	Cooking	40	00	00	40	100			
	Serving	40	00	00	40	100			
	Sitting	40	00	00	40	100			
			1	1	I	<u> </u>			

### ii) What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating?

The students were used to stand in queue and take the meals. The children either sat or stood in queue to take meal and then children used to sit in a row at school verandah. Then they use to recite a prayer and take the meals.



MDM: Children used to stand in queue to take the meal



MDM: No discrimination observed

6.	VARIETY C	OF MENU:						
	i) Has the school displayed its weekly menu at a place noticeable to							
	community, and is it able to adhere to the menu displayed?							
	It was found that in 28 schools (70%) a weekly menu was displayed at a place noticeable to the community. Whereas in 12 schools (30%) a weekly menu was displayed in H.M. office.							
		play of menu at	a nouceable	place				
	Response Yes	No. of schools 28	<b>%</b> 70					
	No	12	30					
		12	50					
			n or sits	1enu.	And			
		ちんつ	নাজাল	हिः भार्ताः	mon.			
		s. 1 - E 3	ાજીમાત	a राजनी	All for the second of the seco			
	8192) 	1269	रेव-पही	भाजनी	केठी			
	ja 1	A 3 8 5	ान्छभाल	, भाउति'				
	31	1 63 83	रेवचडी	अन्तर्भ				
		4 4 5	छभात	भाजभि	केकी			
		E E K	विन्दरी	2-1157				
	A weekly menu displayed at a place noticeable to the community							
	ii) Who decides the menu?							
	The District F	Panchayat had	given presc	ribed menu to all sc	hools.			
7.	(i) Is ther	e variety in t	he food se	erved or is the san	ne type of food served			
	daily?							
	In all schools	(100%) variet	y in the foo	d preparation as giv	ven in prescribed menu			
	such as rice,	dal and vegeta	bles or khi	chadi was observed.	Seasonal green			
		-		in Mid-day Meal.	-			
	-			rice / wheat prep	aration, dal and			
	vegetables	-						
	-		/ menu was	rice preparation, da	al and vegetables, as			
		prescribed me		·				

QUALITY & QUANTITY OF MEAL :						
Feedback from children on						
a) Quality of meal:						
In 37 schools	s (92.5%) qua	lity of food	was found to be good.			
Table.8.1. Qua	ality of meal (%	of schools)				
	No. of schools	%				
Good	37	92.5				
Average	03	7.5				
Poor		00				
b) Quanti	ty of meal:					
In all schools	s (100%) the q	luantity of	meal was found to be more than enough for			
all children.						
Table.8.2. Qua	antity of meal (	% of school	s)			
N	o. of schools	%				
	40	100				
less	00	00				
c) {If chil	c) {If children were not happy, please give reasons and suggestions to					
improve.}						
In all schools	s (100%) the c	hildren we	re happy with what they were being served in			
their mid-day	y meal.					
SUPPLEME	INTARY:					
(i) Is the	(i) Is there school Health Card maintained for each child?					
All schools (100%) had maintained a Health Identity Card for each child.						
Response						
Yes	40	100				
No	00	00				
(ii) What is the frequency of health check-up?						
The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools.						
(iii) Whe	ther children	are give	n micronutrients (Iron, folic acid,			
vitamin – A	dosage) and	d de-wori	ning medicine periodically?			
Out of 40 sch	nools in 22 sch	ools (55%	) micronutrients and deworming medicines			
were given to	o the needy ch	ildren.				
	Feedback fr     a) Quality     In 37 schools     Table.8.1. Quality     Table.8.1. Quality     Good     Average     Poor     b) Quanti     In all schools     all children.     Table.8.2. Quality     Enough     less     c) {If chile     improve.}     In all schools     their mid-day     SUPPLEME     (i) Is the     All schools (1     Table.9.1. Ava     Response     Yes     No     (ii) What     The annual h     (iii) What     Out of 40 sch	Feedback from children     a) Quality of meal:     In 37 schools (92.5%) qua     Table.8.1. Quality of meal (%     ©   No. of schools     Good   37     Average   03     Poor   00     b) Quantity of meal:   In all schools (100%) the control     In all schools (100%) the control   In all schools (100%) the control     all children.   Table.8.2. Quantity of meal (%     C) {If children were main and the schools (100%) the control   In all schools (100%) the control     In all schools (100%) the control   In all schools (100%) the control     Kupplementary:   In all schools (100%) the control     In all schools (100%) the control   In all schools (100%) the control     In all schools (100%) the control   In all schools (100%) the control     In all schools (100%) had main   Table.9.1. Availability of Healt     Response   No. of schools     Yes   40     No   00     (ii) What is the freque     The annual health check up     (iii) Whether children     vitamin – A dosage) and     Out of 40 schools in 22 schools	Feedback from children on     a) Quality of meal:     In 37 schools (92.5%) quality of food     Table.8.1. Quality of meal (% of schools)     0   No. of schools     600d   37     92.5     Average   03     7.5     Poor   00     00   00     b) Quantity of meal:     In all schools (100%) the quantity of all children.     Table.8.2. Quantity of meal (% of school     1   No. of schools     6   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   100     1   1     SUPPLEMENTARY:     (i) Is there school Health Card     Response   No. of schools     Yes   40     100   No     No   00     00   00 <			

	(iv) Who administers these medicines and at what frequency?								
	In all schools (100%) Medical and Public Heath Department of Zilla Panchayat, Shri								
	Vinoba B	have	Civil He	ospital, S	Silvassa	had su	pplied the	ese medic	ines. The frequenc
	of such n	nedici	nes giv	en was f	ound to	be on	ce in a yea	ar in all so	hools.
).	STATUS	5 OF	СООК	S:			-		
	(i) Who cooks and serves the meal? (Cook cum helper appointed by								
	the Dep	artm	ent/VI	EC/PRI	/Self H	elp Gr	oup/ NG	O/Contra	actor)
	In all schools a cook and helper selected by the SMC and appointed by the Distri								inted by the Distric
	Panchayat and SMC were cooking and serving the meal.								
	(ii) Is the number of cooks and helpers engaged in the school as per								
	GOI nor		d, in a	ll school	s Distr	ict Pan	chavat ha	ad appoir	ited one cook, on
			-				-		own by the Govt o
	-					-			ool at present thre
				5 .					ted that they ha
	•				•	•	uirement.	•	teu that they ha
	-			-					and mode of
	(iii) \ paymen		is rem	unerati	on pai		oks cum	neipers	and mode of
	In all schools cook, helper and waterman were appointed by District Panchayat o daily wages. The cook was paid Rs.80.30, helper Rs.73.80 and waterman Rs.73.8 as part-time wages. The mode of payment was cash. (iv) Is the remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers regularly?								
					-			-	
	days in e		-	o the co	oks an	a neipe	ers was to	bund to D	e delayed by 15-2
	,			social	Compo	sition	of cooks	cum hel	pers?
	(SC/ST/	ОВС	/Mino	r <b>ity)</b>					
	25 men and 55 women were appointed as a cook and helper in 40 schools. Almo in all schools, cooks cum helpers were from S.T. community. Only 6 were fro other communities.								
							o		
				osition of	cooks, ł	nelpers (	% of schoo	ols)	
			al compo			Categ	ory		]
	Table.10.	1.Socia		ST 90.48	cooks, r OBC 00			Other 9.52	
	Table.10.	1.Socia N	al compo SC	ST	OBC	Categ VJNT	ory Minority	Other	

11.	INFRASTRUCTURE:							
	Is a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store:							
	i) Constructed and in use							
	None of the schools visited had a separate Pucca Kitchen shed. Table.11.1. Availability of pucca kitchen shed							
	ResponseNo. of schools%Yes0000No40100							
	ii) Scheme under which Kitchen sheds constructed -MDM/SSA/Others							
	No such case was found.							
	iii) Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using)							
	No such case was found.							
	iv) Under construction							
	No such case was found							
	v) Sanctioned, but construction not started							
	No such case was found.							
	vi) Not sanctioned							
	None of the school had been sanctioned pucca kitchen shed cum-store.							
	vii) Any other (specify)							
	None.							
12.	In case the pucca kitchen shed is not available, where is the food being							
	cooked and where are the food grains / other ingredients being stored.							
	It was found that where a separate kitchen shed was not available the food was cooked in the school verandah in 8 schools (20%), unutilized spare classroom in 20 schools (50%), vacant teachers' quarters in 4 schools (10%) and open yard in 7 schools (17.5%). A large no of schools lacked storage place for food items. We have observed that the food grains were stored in the classroom in 21 schools (52.5%), Headmaster's office in 6 schools (15%), vacant teachers' quarter in 4 schools and there was separate store in 9 schools (22.5%).							
13.	Whether potable water is available for cooking and drinking purpose?							
	All schools (100%) had potable water for cooking and drinking.							
14.	Whether utensils are available for cooking food? If, available is it							
	adequate?							
	All schools had an adequate utensil for cooking. It was found, the District							
	Panchayat of U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli had provided plates to all children							
	which is an exemplary.							

15.	What is the kind of fuel used? (Gas based/firewood etc.)								
	In all schools (100%	b) L.P.G.	was use	ed as fuel	to prepar	e the Mi	id-day Mea	al.	
16.	SAFETY & HYGI	ENE:							
	i.General Impression of the environment, safety and hygiene:Out of 40 schools, in 18 schools (45%) general impression about the safety a							e:	
								afety and	
	hygiene was good a	nd in 8	schools i	it was fair	. But in m	nost of t	he schools	, the food	
	was prepared in spare classroom, however safety measures needs to be attendedii.Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating							attended.	
								eating	
	It was observed that in all schools, students were encouraged to wash their had before and after eating food.						neir hands		
	iii. Do the chi	ldren ta	ake mea	ls in an e	orderly n	nanner	?		
	It was observed that	at in all	schools,	the childr	en were t	aking m	neals in a	disciplined	
	manner.								
	iv. Conservat	ion of v	vater?						
	It was observed that	t almost	t in all so	hools (10	0%) the o	children	were enco	ouraged to	
	use water carefully	while wa	ashing ha	ands and o	dishes.				
	v. Is the cook	ing pro	cess an	d storag	e of fuel	safe, n	ot posing	any fire	
	hazard?								
	No separate kitchen	shed w	as found	l in any so	chool. At p	oresent	cooking pr	ocess and	
	storage system of f	uel was	found to	o be safe,	not posi	ng any	fire hazaro	l. But it is	
	indispensable that e	very sch	nool have	e a spacio	us kitcher	and dir	ning room.		
17.	COMMUNITY PA	RTICI			WAREN	ESS:			
	i) Extent of pa	f participation by Parents / VECs / Panchayats / Urban							
	bodies in daily supervision, monitoring, participation.								
	Daily supervision and monitoring of MDM by the parents and SMCs was f almost missing. Further it was noticed that in U.T. of Dadra and Nagar H population of S.T. community is more than half of the total population and v day they are busy in field or daily chores. The overall participation or contrib made by parents, VECs, Panchayats and urban bodies to improve quality of meal was found poor in all schools.						gar Haveli and whole ontribution		
	meal was round poo	Table.17.1. Extent of parent/community participation (% schools)							
		parent/co	ommunitv	participati	on (% sch	ools)			
			Parents	_		SMC/ co	ommunity	]	
	Table.17.1. Extent of	Good	Parents Fair	Poor	on (% sch Good 00	SMC/ co Fair	Poor		
			Parents	_	Good	SMC/ co			

It was found that out of 40 schools, in 11 schools (27.5%) roster was bein maintained by the community members for supervision of MDM but very few c							
	•			•	ion of MDI	M but very fe	
		school and s	•				
-	-	-	-			the following	
a) Quantity of MDM per child at Primary & upper primary : (1,2,3,4,5)							
Most of the S.T. parents and community members were found, only literat							
however very few parents/ community members found to be aware about the							
quantity of	f MDM pe	r child at pr	imary and	upper prin	mary level.	. They need to	
oriented ar	nd mobilize	ed to particip	ate in the	school acti	vities.		
Table.17.3 (	(a) Commu	nity awarenes	s: Quantity	of MDM per	· child		
	Poor	Satisfactory	Good	V. good	Excellent		
At primary	1 (2.5%)	25 (62.5%)	9 (22.5%)	5 (12.5%)	00		
At upper	1	10	2	2	00		
primary <b>b) Entit</b>	(6.67%)	(66.67%) f quantity a	(13.33%)	(13.33%)	nts in M[	DM per child	
						bri per enna	
supplied in the menu :							
We had interaction with the parents /community members about entitlement quantity and nutrients in MDM per child. It was found that they were tota							
		•					
quantity a	nd nutrie	nts in MDM					
quantity a	nd nutrie	nts in MDM					
quantity a unaware a	nd nutrien bout such (b) Commu	nts in MDM things.	per child.	It was fo	ound that		
quantity a unaware a	nd nutrie bout such	nts in MDM things.	per child.	It was fo	ound that	they were to	
quantity a unaware a	nd nutrien bout such (b) Commu	nts in MDM things.	per child. s: Entitleme	It was fo	ound that	they were to	
quantity a unaware a	nd nutrien bout such (b) Commu child Poor 1	nts in MDM things. nity awarenes Satisfactory 25	per child. s: Entitleme	It was for ent of quanti V. good 5	ound that ity and type	they were to	
quantity a unaware a Table.17.3 (	nd nutrien bout such (b) Commu child Poor	nts in MDM things. nity awarenes	per child. s: Entitleme	It was for ent of quanti	ound that ity and type Excellent	they were to	
quantity a unaware a Table.17.3 (	nd nutrien bout such (b) Commu child Poor 1	nts in MDM things. nity awarenes Satisfactory 25	per child. s: Entitleme	It was for ent of quanti V. good 5	ound that ity and type Excellent	they were to	

iv) Sour	rce of awareness about t	he MD	M sch	eme :					
It was not	It was noticed that the source of awareness of parents and community members								
regarding I	regarding MDM scheme was mostly their children and teachers.								
	Table.17.4 MDM: sources of awareness (% of schools)								
Sr. No	Source	Yes	%	No	%				
1	Newspaper/ Magazine	00	00	40	100				
2	Villagers/Friends/Relatives	4	10	36	90				
3	Teacher	36	90	4	10				
4	School (where the child is studying)	34	85	6	15				
5	Radio	00	00	40	100				
6	Television	00	00	40	100				
7	Website	00	00	40	100				
8	Any other	00	00	40	100				



Community Awareness: Requires orientation

18.	INSPECTION & SUPERVISION								
	i) Has the mid day meal programme been inspected by any state /								
	district / block level officers/officials?								
	In all schools the Mid-day Meal programme was inspected regularly either by the								
	teachers or headmasters. In 30 schools (75%) it was inspected by the cluster level								
	officials. In 12 schools it was inspected by the Additional Educational Officer. In 17								
	schools it was also inspected by the District level officials.								
	Table.18.1 MDM: Inspection and supervision								
	Sr. No 1	State level officers/officials	Yes 00	% 00	No 40	% 100	-		
	2	District level officers/officials	16	40	24	60			
	3	Block level officers/officials	17	42.5	23	57.5	•		
	4	Cluster level officers/officials	30	75	10	25	-		
	ii) The	e frequency of such inspecti	ons?	1	1	1			
	-	• •		nce in a	mont	h hv th	e cluster level		
	The frequency of such inspections was found once in a month by the cluster level officials.								
	iii) Remarks made by the visiting of officers? if any?								
	The most common remark was "according to the menu, food was pre								
	served". No particular suggestions were made to improve the que evidence was found that the visited officers had tested the food.						quality of 110		
19.	IMPAC								
19.	_						- <b>C</b> - <b>b</b> 11 <b>b</b> - <b>c</b> - <b>b</b> 12		
		mid day meal improved the							
	_	any improvement in general		-					
		(to be verified from school		-			-		
	teachers and parents. Is there any other incidental benefit to the								
	children and school due to serving of mid-day-meal by VEC, PRI								
	members?								
		It was reported that in 15 schools (37.5%) the Mid-day Meal programme had							
		o improve the enrollment and				-			
		attendance of children and i							
	-	learning. It was also reported			•				
		g and nutritional status of th			o suc	h type	of record was		
	maintaine	ed by the schools or health dep	artment	t.					

#### B. Any other issues relevant to MDM implementation

### MI may give a maximum 2 page note, on any other issues, relevant to MDM implementation, not covered above.

Discussion with the district and school functionaries revealed that U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli has decided to provide Mid-Day Meal through a centralize kitchen. It was reported that the administrative procedure was completed and Nimit Foundation, a registered trust from Valsad has been appointed for this task. It was seen from the school records that the contractor had started to supply food grains, split pulses and condiments etc and also the contractor had paid a lump-sum amount as an advance in July and August 2011 for purchasing vegetables and fruit like banana etc, to central schools. Then the central school had distributed it within the cluster schools. But no actual cooking cost or expenditure has been paid up to MIs visit in September 2011. It was found that head of the school is purchasing vegetables from his own pocket and no fruit like banana had been given to the children for the last 2/3 months.

It was found that the schools located at the far flung area and have no approach road facility to reach have to collect the food grains and other materials from the central school or the school nearby. In such cases they have to pay the transport or labour charges from their own pocket. Though they receive the transport and labour charges, it has been never sent in time.

Though the centralized cooked food supply system had been sanctioned, at present the contractor had only supplied the food grains, split pulses and condiments etc. But supply of cooked food has not yet started. It was seen that the cooks/helpers appointed by the District Panchayt were cooking and serving Mid-day Meal at the school level.

Though U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli has appointed 1 cook, 1 helper, 1 waterman and 1 sweeper in each school, even then new norms concerning cook- pupil ratio and honorarium have been not followed regarding the cooks and helpers. They were appointed on daily wages.

U.T. of Dadra and Nagar Haveli had provided a lots of infrastructural facilities to the school which are praiseworthy. But most of the schools do not have the kitchen shed cum-store and dining room. At present in most of the schools the food is prepared in spare classroom and served in school verandah or in classroom. It looked unsafe and unhygienic. This needs to be taken care of mostly in urban schools e.g. CPS Silvassa where same building was used by the Marathi, Guajarati and Hindi medium school, having about 1000 enrollment in each medium. The children from all sections of the society were enrolled in the urban school. It was reported and seen during the school visit that children belonging to the upper strata of the society did not take Mid-Day Meal. In such cases school attendance register and the MDM distribution register did not reflect the same kind of attendance pattern of children.

Further it was noticed that the food grains were supplied according to the total enrollment of children in a particular school. In such cases, it was observed, that higher authorities were closely monitoring the MDM programme and their efforts to save the wastage are appreciable. The district authority has given the instructions to such schools to maintain the MDM distribution register according to attendance and actual number of beneficiaries on the respective day and saved food grains on a given day would be utilized for the next day.

### School list with DISE code and Criteria District: U.T. Of Dadra and Nagar Haveli

Sr.No	Name of the school/ Village	DISE Code	Selection Criteria
1	P.S. Tinoda	26010103801	b
2	P.S. Bindrabin	26010103701	d
3	P.S. Kala	26010105701	c, d
4	P.S. Kherdi	26010105902	d
5	P.S. Khadipada kherdi	26010105906	a, h
6	P.S. Agriwad	26010107302	b
7	C.P.S. Dadra	26010100401	g
8	P.S. Khadipada Dapasa	26010102901	а
9	P.S. Chikhli Janathiapada	26010102903	b
10	P.S. Shingadpada	26010102905	d, h
11	P.S. Khoripada	26010104802	b, k
12	P.S. Karchond	26010105201	b
13	C.P.S. Khanvel (Gujarati)	26010103901	j, g, a
14	P.S. Rudana	26010106301	b
15	P.S. Goratpada	26010104101	g
16	P.S. Upala-medha	26010104402	n
17	P.S. Kilvani Patelpada	26010101002	а
18	P.S. Khoripada kilvani	26010102003	d, b
19	P.S. Parsipada	26010101106	d, h
20	P.S. Talavpada	26010100506	j, h
21	P.S. Khedpa	26010107001	b
22	P.S. Akharmal	26010106401	е
23	P.S. Margachimal	26010106405	h
24	C. P.S. Mandoni	26010106501	j, d, k
25	P.S. Koyafaliya	26010101301	b
26	P.S. Dhapsa	26010101403	d
27	C. P.S. Naroli	26010101401	J
28	P.S. Parespada	26010102802	h
29	P.S.Bhoyapada	26010102106	d, g
30	P.S. Chokipada	26010102104	k
31	C. P.S. Randha	26010100801	g, b, j
32	P.S. Borsapada Bonta	26010100902	h
33	P.S. Kanbipada	26010100904	h
34	P.S. Khoripada Randha	26010100906	k
35	P.S. Tokarkhada	26010107316	d, g, a
36	P.S. Bhurkudfalia	26010107303	b
37	P.S. Kamlifalia	26010107305	b
38	P.S. Patelfalia	26010107306	d, g, b
39	C.P.S. Silvassa (Gujarati)	26010107310	g
40	C. P.S. Silvassa (Hindi)	26010107311	g